Instructions

Inspections of colonies should be carried at least once a month. To estimate the no. of breeding Red-footed falcon pairs, the inspections should be carried out between 10-30 of June and 1-31 of July, with at least one inspection in each time interval

In case of each inspection, note the time of the observations, the species observed (with age and sex specified in case of RFF). The inspections should be carried out either by:
a) Counting birds at dawn. In this case the no. of birds leaving the colony can be counted.
b) Directly counting birds present in the colony, or at the nest. This method should only be preferred in case of colonies where good observations are possible.

The maximum number of birds should be registered in case of both methods.

COLONY INSPECTION DATASHEET

1	Name of place/area/colony:
	GPS coordinates: E _____, N _____. UTM code:
	A GPS coordinate format: ☐ EOV ☐ WGS84 ☐ Else: …….
2	Surveyors:

3 Date (YY-MM-DD)	Rook	Jackdaw	Kestrel	No. of observed Red-footed falcons						
				ad ♂	ad ♀	2cy ♂	2cy ♀	juv.	nd.	∑

4	Sum of rooks breeding in the colony::
	No. of nest occupied by RFF altogether: …… Open n-box …… Closed n-box
	….. .rook nests ……. Magpie nests. …… Hooded C. nests. …… Else: ……..…
5	Threatening factors: ☐goshawk ☐ presence of martens (suspected presence ☐) ☐lodging ☐poaching ☐poisoning ☐nestling collection ☐human disturbance
	Distance of 20kVpylons (m): ……... Distance of 20kVpylons (m):
	☐ not properly insulated ☐ properly insulated
	Other threatening factors: ……..……..……